Contents

List of Figures		xiii
List of Tables		xix
Abbreviations		xxi
1 Introduction		1
	e	
	onological boundaries	
	its boundaries	
e e	oone preservation	
	one preservation	
7 History of Research and	Theoretical Themes	7
	Theoretical Themes	
	ial reviews	
	ch on pit burials	
	debate	
	y concepts	
	у сопсерь	
2		
	ty	
	sformation	
•	the body as object	
	une soup us sojecti	
2 e en e ro en		-
3. Materials and Methodolo	ogies	13
3.1. Introduction		
3.2. Material		
3.2.1. Total data		14
3.2.2. Inhumations		14
3.2.3. Disarticulated re	emains	
	semi-articulated bones	
	ead'—other considerations	
	nethods	
3.3.1. Coding		
3.3.2. Site conglomera	itions	
	on	
	mains —data recording	
	logy and recording standards	
3.4.2. Age estimation		
	on	
	logies —skeletal	
	/ Porotic hyperostosis	
	steal new bone	
3.5.4. Schmorl's nodes	S	20
3.5.5. Trauma		21

	3.6. Common palaeopathologies —Dental	21
	3.6.1. Calculus	
	3.6.2. Caries	21
	3.6.3. Periodontal disease	21
	3.6.4. Periapical cavities	21
	3.6.5. Antemortem tooth loss	21
	3.6.6. Linear enamel hypoplasia (LEH)	
	3.7. Macroscopic taphonomy methodology	
	3.7.1. Weathering	
	3.7.2 Gnawing	
	3.7.3. Trampling	
	3.7.4. Polish / Abrasion	
	3.7.5. Cut and chop marks	
	3.7.6. Perimortem fractures	
	3.8. Conclusion.	
4.	Results 1 —Early Iron Age Inhumations	25
	4.1. Introduction	
	4.2. Geographic distribution	
	4.3. Chronology	
	4.4. Site type	27
	4.5. Depositional context	
	4.5.1. Pit burials	
	4.5.2. Grave burials	32
	4.5.3. Ditch burial	
	4.5.4. Other contexts	
	4.6. Burial position	
	4.6.1. Extended inhumations	
	4.6.2. Crouched and flexed inhumations	35
	4.6.3. Other positions	
	4.7. Orientation.	
	4.8. Facing direction	
	4.9. Burial accompaniments	
	4.9.1. Pottery	37
	4.9.2. Personal ornaments	
	4.9.3. Multiple associated goods/remains	
	4.9.4. Material in other fills	38
	4.9.5. Other inclusions	39
4	4.10. Age	40
	4.10.1. Age and burial context	41
	4.10.2. Age and grave goods	
	4.10.3. Age and sex	41
4	4.11. Sex	
	4.11.1. Sex and location	
	4.11.2. Sex and burial context	
	4.11.3. Sex and position / orientation	42
	4.11.4. Sex and grave goods	
4	4.12. Conclusions	42
_		
5.	Results 2— Middle Iron Age Inhumations	
	5.1. Geographic distribution	
	5.2. Chronology	
	5.3. Site type	
	5.4. Depositional context	
	5.4.1. Pit burials	
	5.4.2. Grave burials	
	5.4.3. Ditch burials	
	5.4.4. House burials	53
	3 /L3 Burnal enclosures	5.7

	5.4.6. Double burials	
	5.4.7. Other	
5.5	. Burial position	
	5.5.1. Extended inhumations	
	5.5.2. Crouched and flexed inhumations	
	5.5.3. Other positions	60
5.6	. Orientation	60
5.7	. Facing direction	62
5.8	. Burial accompaniments	62
	5.8.1. Animal bone	63
	5.8.2. Pottery	63
	5.8.3. Personal ornaments	63
	5.8.4. Multiple associated goods	63
	5.8.5. Material in other fills	
	5.8.6. Other	
5.9	. Age	65
	5.9.1. Age and burial context.	
	5.9.2. Age and grave goods	
	5.9.3. Age and sex	
5.10	. Sex	
	5.10.1. Sex and burial context	
	5.10.2. Sex and position/orientation	
	5.10.3. Sex and grave goods	
5 11	. Conclusions	
5.11.	Constantin	, 0
6. Res	sults 3 —Late Iron Age–Conquest Period	71
6.1	. Geographic distribution of sites and burials	71
	. Chronology	
	Site type	
0.5	6.3.1. Cemeteries	
	6.3.2. Settlements	
	6.3.3. Hillforts/ringworks	
	6.3.4. Isolated burials	
	6.3.5. Mortuary landscapes	
	6.3.6. Other	
6.4	. Depositional context	
0.4	6.4.1. Grave burials	
	6.4.2. Pit burial	
	6.4.3. Ditch burial	
	6.4.4. Multiple burials	
	6.4.5. Enclosed burials	
	6.4.6. Other	
6.5	Burial position	
0.5	6.5.1. Extended inhumations	
	6.5.2. Crouched and flexed inhumations	
6.6	6.5.3. Other positions	
	Orientation.	
	Facing direction.	
0.8	Burial accompaniments	
	6.8.1. Animal bone	
	6.8.2. Pottery	
	6.8.3. Personal ornaments	
	6.8.4. Metalwork and weapons.	
	6.8.5. Multiple associated goods/remains	
	6.8.6. Material in other fills	
	6.8.7. Other	
6.9	. Age	
	6.9.1. Age and burial context	
	6.9.2. Age and burial position.	92

	6.9.3. Age and grave goods	92
	6.9.4. Age and sex	
6.10	0. Sex	94
	6.10.1. Sex and location	94
	6.10.2. Sex and site / burial context	94
	6.10.3. Sex and position / orientation	
	6.10.4. Sex and grave goods	
6.11	1. Conclusion.	
	2. Iron Age —imprecisely dated	
	rticulated Human Skeletal Deposits	
	1. Introduction	
	2. Deposit demographics	
	3. Represented elements	
7.4	4. Interpretation of depositional practices	
	7.4.1. Inhumations	
	7.4.2. Body bundles / secondary / tertiary inhumations	
	7.4.3. Articulated body parts	
	7.4.4. Bundles of bones (token deposits)	
	7.4.5. Victims of conflict and violent deposits	
	7.4.6. Bone spreads	110
7.5	5. Conclusion	111
0 D:	'	112
	isarticulated Remains and Macroscopic Taphonomy	
	2. The data	
	3. Feature type	
	4. Represented elements	
	5. Age	
	6. Sex	
	7. Side	
	8. Associated material	
	9. Taphonomy	
8.10	0. Natural modifications	
	8.10.1. Weathering	
	8.10.2. Trampling	
	8.10.3. Gnawing	
8.11	1. Human modifications	
	8.11.1. Cut/saw marks	
	8.11.2. Chop marks	
	8.11.3. Fractures	
	8.11.4. Abrasion / polish	
	8.11.5. Perforated bone	
	8.11.6. Worked bone objects	
8.12	2. Conclusion	132
0 D		125
	emography, Health, and Trauma	
	2. Age	
9.3	3. Sex	
0.4	9.3.1. Age and sex compared	
	4. Stature	
9.5	5. Pathology	
	9.5.1. Trauma	
	9.5.2. Degenerative pathologies	
	9.5.3. Nutrition/health–related conditions	
	9.5.4. Infection and Disease	
	9.5.5. Other pathologies	155

ç	9.6. Oral health	155
	9.6.1. Antemortem tooth loss	155
	9.6.2. Calculus	156
	9.6.3. Caries	157
	9.6.4. Linear enamel hypoplasia	157
	9.6.5. Periodontal disease	157
	9.6.6. Periapical cavities / abscesses	158
	9.6.7. Third hand use	160
	9.6.8. Other	160
Ģ	9.7. Conclusion	160
10.	Discussion	
	10.1. Introduction	
	10.2. Population demography	
	10.3. Chronological change	
	10.3.1. The LBA–EIA transition	
	10.3.2. EIA–LIA consistencies and changes	
	10.3.3. The inhumation increase	
	10.4. Health, sickness and violence	
	10.4.1. Nutrition, care and support	
	10.4.2. Violence in life and death	
	10.5. Interpreting pit burials	
	10.5.1. Pit burial as a normative rite	
	10.5.2. Pit burials as sacrifices	
	10.5.3 Pit burials as social transgressors	
	10.6. Other notable inhumation patterns	
	10.6.1. Interpreting ditch burials	
	10.6.2. Barrow burials	
	10.6.3. Animals and people	
	10.6.4. Burials with stones	
	10.7. Discerning excarnation/disarticulation sequences	
	10.7.1. Exposure in hillforts	
	10.7.2. Alternative disarticulation pathways	
	10.8. The 'invisible dead'—where are they?	
	10.8.1. Cremation after excarnation	
	10.8.2. Deposition in water	
	10.9. The importance of skulls	183
	10.9.1. Bone working —amulets and bowls	
	10.9.2. Complete skulls —display and denigration	
1	10.9.3. Bone or flesh	
	10.10. Summary	186
11.	Conclusion	187
-	11.1. Introduction	
	11.2. Findings and contribution.	
	11.3. Limitations	
	11.4. Further research directions	
	11.5. Final Summary	
12.	Bibliography	191
	O 1 V	, =, =
13.	Appendix 1 — Raw datasheets for all data can be accessed online using the following dois	211
	https://doi.org/10.30861/9781407360232/datasheet1	
	https://doi.org/10.30861/9781407360232/datasheet2	
	https://doi.org/10.30861/9781407360232/datasheet3	
14	Appendix 2 — Data summary for bone groups and bundles	213
4 T.	A2.1. Cambridgeshire	
	<u></u>	-

Death in the Iron Age of Eastern England

A2.2. Bedfordshire	216
A2.3. Norfolk	216
A2.4. Suffolk	216
A2.5. Kent	217
A2.6. Unusable examples	218
1	
15. Appendix 3 — Excluded inhumations	221
A3.1. Introduction	
	221
A3.2. Securely Iron Age inhumations with insufficient recording	44 I
A3.2. Securely Iron Age inhumations with insufficient recording	
A3.2. Securely Iron Age inhumations with insufficient recording	222